I. Word Study and Grammar

1. Give the three moods of Latin verbs. 1)________________________ 2)________________________
   3)_______________________________________________________________________________

2. The indicative mood is used for ____________________________ and ____________________________.

3. The imperative mood is used for ____________________________.

4. The subjunctive mood is used for ____________________________
   ________________________________________________________________________________.

5. To form the singular imperative of all four conjugations, drop __________ from the infinitive.

6. To form the plural imperative of 1st, 2nd, and 4th conjugations, add __________ to the singular imperative.

7. The plural imperative of the 3rd conjugation and 3rd io verbs shows the variable stem vowel.
   Remember ____________________________ for the troublesome 3rd conjugation.

8. Give three irregular singular imperatives. 1)_________2)_________3)_________

9. Give the singular and plural imperatives of sum. ________________________________

Saying
Say aloud and write 3X.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Latin</th>
<th>Latin</th>
<th>Latin</th>
<th>English</th>
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</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1st</th>
<th>2nd</th>
<th>3rd</th>
<th>4th</th>
<th>perfect stem</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ago</td>
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<td>cogo</td>
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<td>tolo</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
II A. 1st/2nd Conjugation Imperatives

Underline imperatives, give dictionary form of imperative verb, and translate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Dictionary form</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Da nobis hódie (panem)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dona nobis pacem</td>
<td>dono, donare</td>
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<tr>
<td>Libera nos a malo</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ora et labora.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Festina lente.</td>
<td>festino, festinare</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gaude! Gaude! Emmánuel</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Gaudete, gaudete</td>
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<tr>
<td>Salve, salvete</td>
<td>salveo, salvēre</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vale, valete</td>
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<tr>
<td>Adeste fideles</td>
<td>adsum, adesse</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Form Drills

Drill A

Imperative mood. Indicate singular or plural by (you) or (you all).

1. State!               (you all) Stand!               6. Videte! _________________________________
2. Date! _______________ 7. Cave! ____________________
3. Para! _______________ 8. Tacete! _________________
5. Lava! ________________ 10. Docete! ________________

Drill B

Imperative mood. Give singular and plural for each.

2. Work. ___________________ 7. Fight. ________________
3. Hold. ____________________ 8. Hide. ________________
5. Move. ____________________ 10. Sit. ________________
II B. Translation
For 11-20, express imperatives in singular and plural forms.

1. Spectate puellas.

2. Pugnate fórtiter.

3. Appella mílites fortes.

4. Lava collum tuum.

5. Portate aurum et argentum.

6. Terre semper lupos malos.

7. Tenete scuta et gládios.

8. Vocate legatos et imperatorem.


10. Mane saepe in horto.

11. Free the Christians.

12. Teach the lazy students.

13. Change the signs slowly.

14. Guard the fishermen.

15. Help the shepherds.

16. Ask the senators.


18. Plow the fields.

19. Point out the wall.

20. Seize the town roughly.
III. 3rd/4th Conjugation Imperatives

Underline imperative endings, give dictionary form of imperative verb, and translate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Dictionary form</th>
<th>Translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carpe diem.</td>
<td>carpo, cárpere</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Claude jánuam.</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimitte nobis débita nostra.</td>
<td>dimitto, dimítttere</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surge, súrgite.</td>
<td>surgo, surgere</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veni, veni Emmánuel</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Veni Creator Spíritus</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benedíc Dómine nos</td>
<td>benedico, benedícere</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audi Ísrael!</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Tolle et lege.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Drill C

Imperative mood. Indicate singular or plural by (you) or (you all).

1. Strue! __________________________ 6. Dúcite! __________________________
2. Cape! __________________________ 7. Fac! __________________________
3. Dic! __________________________ 8. Véhite! __________________________
5. Jácite! ________________________ 10. Fúgite! ________________________

Drill D

Imperative mood. Give singular and plural for each.

2. Hear. __________________________ 7. Know. __________________________
4. Lead. __________________________ 9. Discover. __________________________
5. Flee. __________________________ 10. Rule. __________________________
IV. Translation
For 11-20, express imperatives in singular and plural forms.

1. Munite valla.
2. Strúite lente óppida.
4. Jace longē saxa.
5. Cape pecūniam.
6. Vince difficiliter peccata.
7. Impedite!
8. Rege fidéliter.
10. Trahe laete lignum et aquam.
11. Live today.
12. Find the money.
13. Come to the province.
14. Transport the cows to town.
15. Feel the pain.
16. Make a new door.
17. Sleep in the farmhouse.
18. Know the stars.
19. Always tell beautiful stories.
20. Fasten the windows.
V. Verb Review
Give principal parts again.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1st</th>
<th>2nd</th>
<th>3rd</th>
<th>4th</th>
<th>perfect stem</th>
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</table>

Make three copies of Drill/Test Form A in the Appendix. Conjugate each verb in the indicative active (6 tenses) and indicative passive (3 tenses). Make as many copies as necessary, and practice these conjugations until you can do them from memory without error.

Copy 1) tolo  Copy 2) ago  Copy 3) ago (meanings, 1st P. sing. only)

Drill E
Use drive and force for verb meanings.

1. agunt ____________________________ 6. aguntur ____________________________
2. agit ____________________________ 7. ágimur ____________________________
3. egit ____________________________ 8. cogetur ____________________________
4. cogo ____________________________ 9. cógitur ____________________________
5. coegi ____________________________ 10. cóegerat ____________________________

Drill F

1. tollis ____________________________ 6. tólleris ____________________________
2. tollam ____________________________ 7. tollēris ____________________________
3. sūstuli ____________________________ 8. toles ____________________________
4. sustulerunt ____________________________ 9. tollunt ____________________________
5. sustúlerat ____________________________ 10. tollent ____________________________
VI. Verb Review, Duplicate Forms
Conjugate vénio and fúgio in the present and perfect active.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Present Active</th>
<th>Perfect Active</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>vénio</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>fúgio</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Fourth and 3rd io verbs that have their perfect stem in the root, have identical forms in the 3rd person singular present and perfect, and the 1st person plural present and perfect, as shown in the highlighted boxes above. To help you distinguish these forms, the perfect forms will have macrons. The only such verbs in this text are vénio, fúgio, and invénio.

1. vēnit__________________________ 7. venit______________________________
2. vénimus________________________ 8. fúgimus____________________________
3. fūgit___________________________ 9. fūgimus___________________________
4. invēnimus_______________________ 10. invénimus________________________
5. invenit________________________ 11. vēnimus__________________________
6. fugit___________________________ 12. invēnit__________________________