

## AMO

### AMARE, AMAVI, AMATUS

<i>Latin Root</i>	<i>Definition of Root</i>	<i>English Derivative</i>	<i>Definition of Derivative</i>
<b>amo -are -avi -atus amor -oris</b>		amorous enamored amour amore	expressing or desirous of love to captivate; to inspire love (Fr.) love (It.) love
<b>amator -oris</b>		amateur	for pleasure, not professional
<b>amicus -i; amica -ae</b>		amicable amiable amity amigo	friendly good-natured; likable friendship friend
<b>inimicus -i</b>		enemy enmity inimical	<b>in + amicus</b> ('not friendly') hostility unfriendly, hostile

### Exercises

1. He was a bright, kind, and witty fellow; he had an \_\_\_\_\_ personality.
2. They oppose each other on the court, but there is otherwise no \_\_\_\_\_ between the players.
3. The newlywed couple was locked in an \_\_\_\_\_ gaze.
4. A college athlete who is not paid for playing a sport is an \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Though they disagreed, the two parted on \_\_\_\_\_ terms.
6. Many who visit Paris are \_\_\_\_\_ of the beautiful "City of Lights."
7. What is the chorus of the theme song to Disney's movie \_\_\_\_\_ ? \_\_\_\_\_
8. What word taken from Spanish might I call my friend? \_\_\_\_\_
9. A defeated \_\_\_\_\_ of Rome was forced to "pass under the yoke" as a sign of submission.
10. "I will put \_\_\_\_\_ between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed. It shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel." Genesis 3:14-15

### Grammar

1. When a word ends with the suffix \_\_\_\_\_, what part of speech is it likely to be? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Which two words may be used as either adjective or noun? \_\_\_\_\_
3. In which derivative does the prefix \_\_\_\_\_ mean "not"? \_\_\_\_\_
4. The suffix \_\_\_\_\_ typically indicates what part of speech? \_\_\_\_\_
5. What does the suffix \_\_\_\_\_ mean? \_\_\_\_\_

**FOR ALL LESSONS: Copy and complete the Drill Form on page 13.**

**PORTO**  
**PORTARE, PORTAVI, PORTATUS**

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<i>Latin Root</i>	<i>Definition of Root</i>	<i>English Derivative</i>	<i>Definition of Derivative</i>
<b>porto -are -avi -atus</b>		portage portable porter portfolio	(n., v.) carrying, to carry a boat and/or baggage overland able to be carried one who carries, esp. baggage carrying case for papers
<b>comporto -are -avi -atus</b>		comportment	behavior
<b>exporto -are -avi -atus</b>		export exportation	<b>ex + portare</b> ('to carry out') process or result of exporting
<b>deporto -are -avi -atus</b>		deport  deportation deportment	<b>de + portare</b> ('to carry away') to expel from a country process or result of deporting demeanor, behavior
<b>importo -are -avi -atus</b>		import importation	<b>in + portare</b> ('to carry in') process or result of importing
<b>reporto -are -avi -atus</b>		report reporter	<b>re + porto</b> ('to carry back') one who reports, esp. for media
<b>supporto -are -avi -atus</b>		support	<b>sub + portare</b> (‘to carry from beneath’)
<b>transporto -are -avi -atus</b>		transport transportation	<b>trans + portare</b> ('to carry cross') process or result of transporting

**Exercises**

Match the prefix with its meaning.

ex	beneath, below
im, in	across
de	back, again
trans	out, out of
re	in, into, on, onto, not
sub	down from

- Two words meaning “behavior” are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- What suffix is used to make nouns of the verbs \_\_\_\_\_ ? \_\_\_\_\_
- Which parts of speech can the word \_\_\_\_\_ be? \_\_\_\_\_
- A \_\_\_\_\_ is someone who carries baggage, often on long a journey.

## LAUDO

### LAUDARE, LAUDAVI, LAUDATUS

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<i>Latin Root</i>	<i>Definition of Root</i>	<i>English Derivative</i>	<i>Definition of Derivative</i>
<b>laudo -are -avi -atus</b>		laud laudable laudatory	to praise; praise; song of praise worthy of praise praising

## LABORO

### LABORARE, LABORAVI, LABORATUS

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<b>laboro -are -avi -atus</b>		labor labored laboratory	to work; to struggle done with effort facility for experiments, research
<b>labor -oris</b>		labor laborious belabor	work involving hard work to attack with blows or words, to talk about excessively
<b>elaboro -are -avi -atus</b>		elaborate  elaboration	<b>e + laborare</b> ('to work out') to develop in great detail showing intricate detail

#### Exercises (use laudo or laboro words)

1. The hero performed a \_\_\_\_\_ act of self-sacrifice.
2. The judge offered \_\_\_\_\_ remarks about her painting style.
3. A morning prayer can be called a \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The costume was an \_\_\_\_\_ piece of handiwork and creativity.
5. Almanzo set about on the \_\_\_\_\_ task of picking beans.
6. The twelve \_\_\_\_\_ of Hercules is a story from ancient mythology.
7. The \_\_\_\_\_ of Dr. Frankenstein is a story from modern mythology.
8. Jacob \_\_\_\_\_ seven years for Rachel, for the love he had to her.
9. "Haste, haste to bring Him \_\_\_\_\_, the Babe, the Son of Mary" concludes the first stanza of the popular Christmas carol "What child is this?"

#### Grammar

1. Which word may be used as either noun or verb? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Which word may be used as either adjective or verb? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Which word's pronunciation changes with its part of speech? \_\_\_\_\_

**ORO**  
**ORARE, ORAVI, ORATUS**

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<i>Latin Root</i>	<i>Definition of Root</i>	<i>English Derivative</i>	<i>Definition of Derivative</i>
<b>oro -are -avi -atus</b> <b>orator -oris</b>		oration orator	formal speech speaker
<b>oratorius -a -um</b>		oratorical oratory oratorio	of oratory formal speech; place for prayer sacred music for voices and orchestra
<b>oraculum -i</b>		oracle oracular	teller of future events of an oracle; prophetic

**Exercises**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is an Italian word that is probably part of a musician's vocabulary.
2. The senator was elected after his stirring \_\_\_\_\_ won the favor of his constituents.
3. Julius Caesar is famous for his brilliance as statesman, scholar, general, and \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Mark Antony's famous funeral \_\_\_\_\_ begins, "Friends, Romans, Countrymen, lend me your ears. I have come to bury Caesar, not to praise him."
5. The \_\_\_\_\_ of Delphi offered the following riddle to Oedipus: "What walks on four legs in the morning, two legs in the afternoon, and three legs in the evening?"\*

**Grammar**

1. Which derivative is a noun with two meanings? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Which two derivatives are adjectives? \_\_\_\_\_

**Make the best match.**

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|----------|----------------------------|
| oratory  | speaker                    |
| oracle   | one who offers predictions |
| orator   | formal speech              |
| oratorio | prophetic                  |
| oracular | sacred music               |

\* answer: man